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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/761,152	01/20/2004	Edward E. Orner	POLY32	2560
6980 TROUTMAN S	980 7590 10/16/2007 TROUTMAN SANDERS LLP		EXAMINER	
600 PEACHTR	LEE STREET, NE		NGUYEN, KIMNHUNG T	
ATLANTA, GA 30308			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2629	
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			10/16/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

j.	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/761,152	ORNER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kimnhung Nguyen	2629				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app		1				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 Au	<u>ıgust 2007</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1,2,4-17 and 19 is/are pending in the ada) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,2,4-17 and 19 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	۲.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o		* *				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This application has been examined. The claims 1-2, 4-17 and 19 are pending. The examination results are as following.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-2, 6-17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Omura et al. (US 2003/0001825) in view of Hartel (US 6,702,125).

As to claim 1, Omura et al. discloses in fig. 29-30, a support frame for an interactive display, the interactive display vertically adjustable to a desired height located between a bottom height and a top height, the frame comprising:

a base element (616);

a positioning element for the interactive display. However, Omura et al. do not disclose a position locking element; the positioning element providing for a continuous level of vertical adjustment of the interactive display between the bottom height and the top height, the position locking element for the releasable locking of the interactive display at the desired height, and the weight of the interactive display allowing for the continuous level of vertical repositioning of the interactive display with a force of less than about 25 pounds.

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Hartel discloses in fig. 1, a position locking element (see verticals supports 10 being fastened on the base frame 30, see claim 1); the positioning element providing for a continuous level of vertical adjustment of the frame between the bottom height and the top height (see a support frame for receiving external electrical devices, having a base frame on which two vertical supports are fastened and are arranged parallel at a distance from each other, claim 1), the position locking element for the releasable locking of the frame.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement position locking element; the positioning element providing for a continuous level of vertical adjustment of the frame between the bottom height and the top height, the position locking element for the releasable locking of the frame as taught by Hartel into the support frame for an interactive display of Omura et al. for producing the claimed invention because this would provide the vertical supports being fastened on the base frame in one of a first installation position and a second installation position rotated by 180 degrees around longitudinal axes of the vertical supports with respect to the first installation position (see claim 1).

Omura et al. and Hartel do not disclose the level of vertical repositioning of the frame has a force of less than about 25 pounds.

It would have been obvious to Omura et al. and Hartel's system to have the vertical repositioning of the frame has a force of less than about 25 pounds claimed since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the weight of a system.

See In re Rose, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955) and

In re Reven, 156 USPQ 679 (CCPA 1968).

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As to claim 2, Omura et al. and Hartel do not disclose the level of vertical repositioning of the frame has a force ranges from about 1.0 ounce to about 3 pounds.

It would have been obvious to Omura et al. and Hartel's system to have the vertical repositioning of the frame has a force of less than about 25 pounds claimed since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the weight of a system.

See <u>In re Rose</u>, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955) and

In re Reven, 156 USPQ 679 (CCPA 1968).

As to claim 6, Omura et al. disclose further comprising an intercative display mounted thereon (fig. 29 and 30).

As to claim 7, Omura et al. do not disclose the support frame further comprising a plurality of vertical supports. Hartel discloses a plurality of support frames (10) as discussed in claim 1.

As to claim 8, Omura et al. disclose the horizontal support (fig. 29), however, Omura et al. do not disclose the horizontal support connects at least two of the plurality of vertical supports as discussed in claim 1.

As to claim 9, Omura et al. disclose the support fram, wherein the interactive display is selected from a touch-sensitive display and electronic whiteboard (figs. 29 and 30).

As to claim 10, Omura et al. disclose further comprising a power source secured to the support frame, see 0248).

A sto claim 11, Omura et al. disclose further wherein the power source is rechargeable (see 0248).

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As to claims 12-14, Omura et al. disclose further wherein the power source comprises a battery (see 0248).

As to claims 15-17, Omura et al. disclose an inherent thepower source includes a power cord for recharging and includes a power level indicator.

As to claim 19, Omura et al. disclose further the support frame comprising a plurality of mobile elements mounted on the base element (616, fig.30).

4. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Omura et al. (US 2003/0001825) and Hartel (US 6,702,125) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Jakobs et al. (US 5,300,943).

Omura et al. and Hartel do not disclose a hydraulic positioning element.

Jakobs et al. discloses in fig. 1, an electronic image processing workstation (1) comprising a support base (10) having adjustments by using the hydraulic system (see col. 8, lines 63-66 and col. 8, lines 22-35).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the hydraulic system as taught by Jakobs et al. into the support frame for interactive display of Omura et al. and Hartel for producing the claimed invention because this would provide the adjustments are executed with the assistance of built-in electronic motors and actuators that make the system will be cooler when it's operation.

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Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kimnhung Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-7698. The examiner can normally be reached on MON-FRI, FROM 8:30 AM-5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe can be reached on (571) 272-7691. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Kimnhung Nguyen Patent Examiner October 14, 2007

UPLNUSCUY PAYENT EXAMINER